Whether you are a friend, family member or it's someone you just met. We all have a role to help

Useful Helplines

Young People should call:

ChildLine

Tel: 0800 1111

Samaritans

Tel: 116 123

Young Minds Parents Helpline

Tel: 0808 8025544

Adults should call Samaritans

Tel: 116 123







What you can do to help someone who is feeling suicidal

Mental and emotional distress is everyone's business and we can all help to make a difference

Top Tips for helping someone feeling suicidal

Stay Calm - It may be uncomfortable listening but try not to let your own emotional response prevent you from hearing what the person is saying and what their body language is telling you.

Talking about self-harm and suicide does not increase the risks!

Listen - Just being listened to can be a brilliant support and bring great relief to people, particularly if they have never spoken to anyone about their self-harming or suicidal thought before. The fact that they have chosen you means they feel comfortable speaking to you.

Don't be seen to 'pass them on'.

Take Them Seriously - Do not ignore or dismiss the feelings or behaviour of someone nor see it as attention- seeking or manipulative. Do not be judgemental.

Most people who self-harm are not suicidal, but people who self-harm are more likely to accidentally complete suicide.

Confidentiality and Young People - When talking to a young person you should never agree to keep risk taking behaviour to yourself. Be sensitive and explain from the start that in order to help keep them safe you may need to pass on information to their parents/carers, your line manager or safeguarding lead or CAMHS.

Confidentiality and Adults - Do not keep concerns to yourself - helping someone is a wonderful opportunity but it can also be stressful. Share your concerns with someone you can trust, they may be able to help you to consider and manage the risk.

Clarify whether or not there are immediate needs for medical attention or urgent help to keep the person safe and respond accordingly.

For urgent medical attention Tel: 999

Non urgent medical help Tel: 111

or persons own GP

Do Not Act in Haste - Give the person time to try and find out what is causing their distress and what will be of help. Act according to the needs raised - this will often be encouraging the person to see their GP who will be able to provide medical support and if required make a referral to relevant helping services, like mental health services.

Make sure you are available for the person for the following few days

/weeks. If you are not available make sure they know where to seek support - see over.